

Program Overview

Supported by PEPFAR/HRSA
Grant Number U91HA06801



Program Goal

To contribute to health systems strengthening in African partner countries by developing a leadership training program targeting primarily African health professionals







Distinguishing Features

Africa-centric

Training sites, trainees & faculty

Consortium Based on Partnerships

Strong North-South & South-South collaborations

Leadership Focus

 Practical skills to support evidence-based approaches

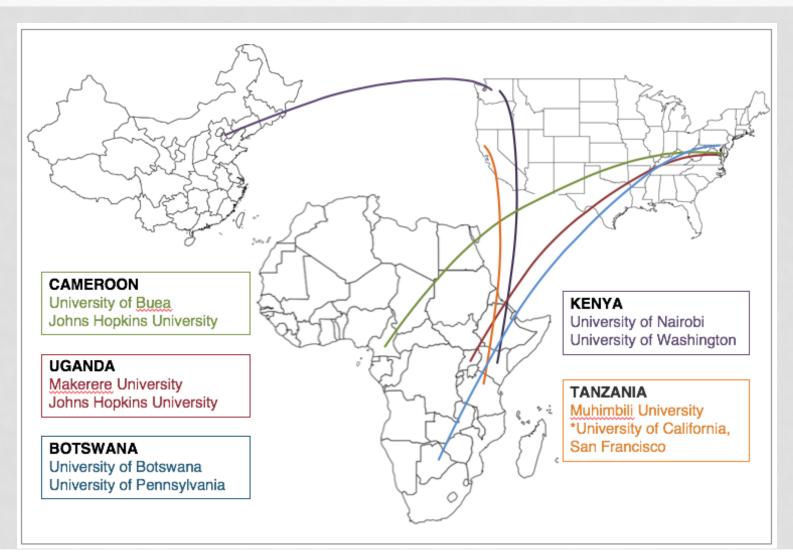
Interdisciplinary

Medicine, nursing & public health





Consortium Partners





Structure

Didactic Modules

Orientation

 3 Weeklong modules

Attachment Organization

- 5 Month rotation
- Structured mentorship
- Distance learning modules

Didactic Modules

- 3 modules
- 2 workshops
- Mid-program reports

Attachment Organization

- 5 Month rotation
- Structured mentorship
- Distance learning modules

Didactic Modules

- 2 Weeklong modules
- Final reports



Mid-fellowship and final meetings include all fellows, working group members, attachment site mentors and stakeholders, including PEPFAR coordinators



Didactic Modules

- Modules led by African and US working group members
- Focus of modules is skills building in different areas
- Group work: North-South and South-South interactions

Didactic Modules

Distance Learning Didactic Modules Distance Learning Didactic Modules

- Leadership Skills
- Communication
 Media Skills
- Monitoring & Evaluation
- Responsible Conduct of Research
- Research Methods

- Qualitative Workshop
- Effective
 Grant Writing
- Implementatio n Science
- Human Resources & Budget Management
- Excel Workshop

- Health
 Informatics
- Health Policy & Governance
- HIV as a GH Challenge
- Program & Project Management



Didactic Modules

- Modules relevant to program leadership
- Not part of traditional medical, nursing or public health school curricula

Leadership Modules

- Leadership Skills
- Communications and Media Skills
- Global Health Policy and Governance

Program Management Modules

- Monitoring and Evaluation
- Human Resource and Budget Management
- Program and Project Management
- Health Informatics

Research Modules

- Responsible Conduct of Research
- Research Methods
- Qualitative Workshop
- Effective Grant Writing
- Implementation Science and Health Systems Research

Public Health Topic Module

 HIV/AIDS as a Global Health Challenge



Attachment Sites

- Matching process to optimize learning
- Structured mentorship
 - Team approach: Each fellow supervised by a dual mentors, one from site and one from working group, throughout the program
- Experiential learning in leadership & management
- Project development and implementation
- Final reports: written and oral





Partners for Attachment Sites

UGANDA

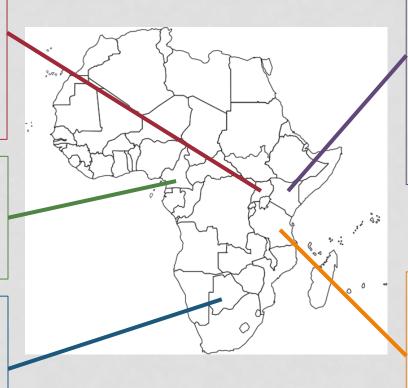
- Ministry of Health
- Makerere University
- Infectious Disease Institute
- Ugandan Virus Research Institute
- Joint Clinical Research Center

CAMEROON

- Ministry of Health
- Cameroon Baptist Convention Health Services

BOTSWANA

- Ministry of Health
- I-TECH
- CDC
- Botswana UPenn partnership



KENYA

- Ministry of Health
- KEMRI/CDC
- Kenyatta National Hospital
- AMREF
- I-TECH
- Jhpiego
- Elizabeth Glaser Pediatric AIDS Foundation

TANZANIA

- Ministry of Health
- ECSA Nursing
- AMREF
- Benjamin Mkapa HIV/AIDS Foundation
- MUHAS-MDH



Activities during Attachment Site Rotation

- Meetings with Attachment Site Mentor, as required
- Weekly meetings with Primary Mentor
- Monthly meetings with the entire Mentoring Team
- Afya Bora project report (a.k.a. final report) and evaluation due last day of rotation



Collaboration & Partnerships I

- Working Group
 - Multidisciplinary representatives from 9 universities
 - Weekly phone calls
 - Biannual meetings in Africa



- Modules
 - Locations rotate among African universities
 - North-South co-leadership of each module
 - Majority of lecturers African faculty and experts





Collaboration & Partnerships II

Attachment Organizations

- Foster local collaboration among local health organizations
- Orientation & mentorship training with attachment organization collaborators

Fellows

- Building network of young leaders in health sectors of 5 countries
- Involve alumni in mentorship and program continuation

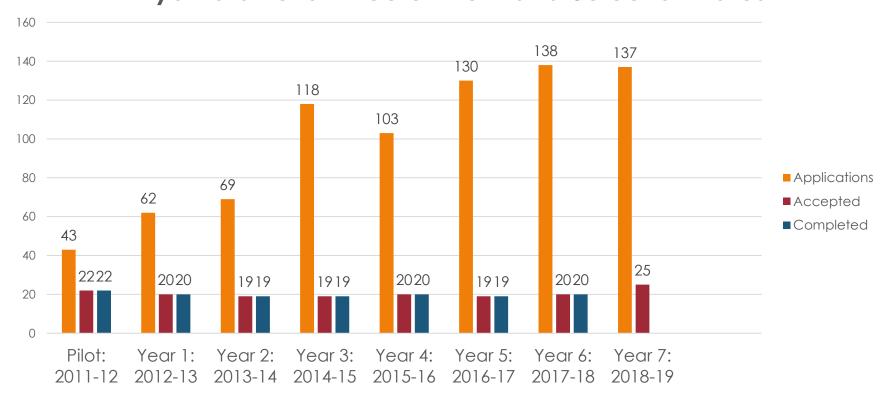
Institutions

- Expand modules to enrich academic curricula
- Bridge academic & public health organizations
- Capacity for ownership of training, research & health programs



Afya Bora Fellows Recruitment & Selection

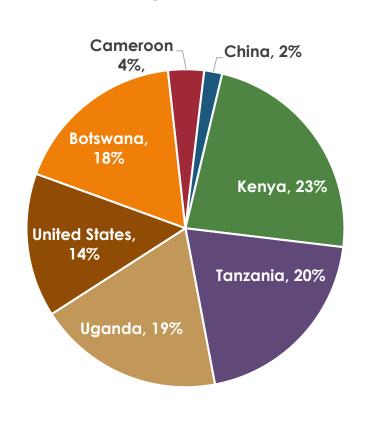
Afya Bora Fellow Recruitment and Selection Rates





AfyaBora 2011-18 Afya Bora Fellows I

Afya Bora Fellows' Country of Origin, 2011-2018 (164 total)

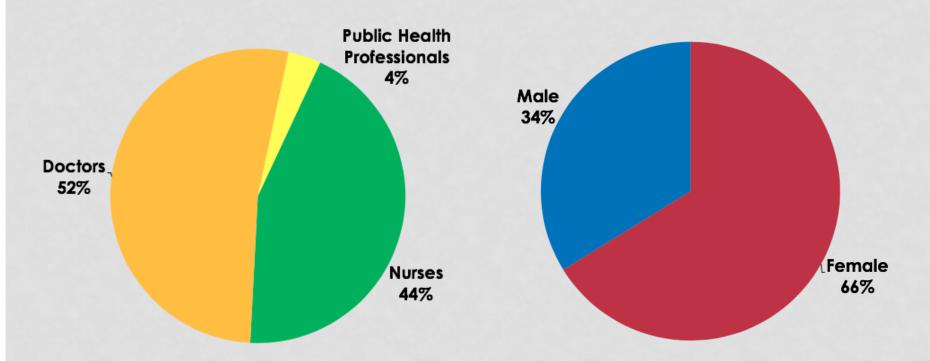


- Botswana (n=29)
- Cameroon (n=6)
- China (n=3)
- Kenya (n=38)
- Tanzania (n=33)
- Uganda (n=31)





Afya Bora Fellows' Profession and Gender, 2011-2018 (139 total)

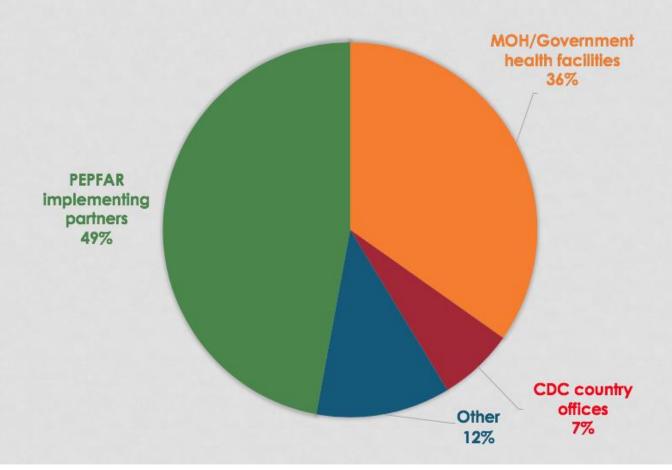


Of 139 program graduates, **100% of African fellows** have remained in their home countries during the last 7 years



Types of Attachment Organizations

Afya Bora Fellows' Place of Attachment 2011-2018 (134 Total)





Fellows' Contribution to HIV Epidemic Control

- Of 134 who completed fellowship projects:
 - **85**% (n=118) of all 139 fellow special projects focused on 90:90:90
 - 46% (n=55) were on the health of women, children, and adolescents
- Most fellows' projects took place in areas of high HIV prevalence
- Project topics included:
 - HIV prevention, testing, and linkage/retention in care
 - Evaluation of data quality, service delivery, and facility readiness



Examples of HIV-related policy and programmatic changes resulting from Fellows' projects I

After assessing early infant diagnosis (EID) loss to follow-up in Uganda, one fellow concluded the most effective and cost-effective approach to increase HIV testing and linkage-to-care was to treat all HIV-positive infants, not just those deemed eligible based on WHO guidelines. Working with MOH and CDC, he spearheaded integration of the "Treat All" policy into pediatric HIV clinics.



Photo credit: http://smofoundation.org/



Examples of HIV-related policy and programmatic changes resulting from Fellows' projects II

Fellow study of risk factors for TB among HIV exposed infants was used to influence the national MOH to adopt new tools to screen HIV exposed infants for TB. This fellow now serves as a mentor at an NGO to expand the study and develop a new pediatric framework with WHO and the MOH.



Photo Credt: https://www.healthynewbornnetwork.org



Stakeholder Testimonials

"The value of Afya Bora to public health in Kenya and to HIV in particular is absolutely indispensable... to have fellows that have a better understanding of monitoring and evaluation, project management, budget and health policy, to name a few, is essential to ensure programs are a success and truly sustainable. Grant writing, one of Afya Bora's modules, is a skill all ministries need to have on board...I only heard positive comments related to the program from stakeholders... We have the funds we need in Country X...now (we) just need to ensure we have properly trained health care providers and leaders."

Former PEPFAR Country Coordinator in Kenya (Based on 5 years of observing the Afya Bora Fellowship in Kenya)



Stakeholder Testimonials

"I wish to assure Afya Bora that my Ministry and the Government in general recognise the contribution of the Afya Bora in building leadership capacity in global health. We will ensure that graduates from the Afya Bora are assigned to areas where their impact can be felt, specifically strategic places where [they can contribute] to addressing challenges related to the HIV and NCD epidemics."

Hazel Reaitsanye Deputy Permanent Secretary Ministry of Health and Wellness, Botswana



Afya Bora Consortium Jan 2015, Nairobi, Kenya

Thank you